



ZEREX EXTREME EXTEND ANTIFREEZE  
COOLANT  
3542

### Ingestion

Swallowing this material may be harmful. Liver, kidney and brain damage in humans has resulted from swallowing lethal or near-lethal amounts of ethylene glycol. Ingestion of medications contaminated with diethylene glycol has caused kidney failure and death in humans. Products containing diethylene glycol should be considered toxic by ingestion.

### Inhalation

It is possible to breathe this material under certain conditions of handling and use (for example, during heating, spraying, or stirring). Breathing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Breathing large amounts may be harmful. Symptoms are not expected at air concentrations below the recommended exposure limits, if applicable (see Section 8.).

### Aggravated Medical Condition

Preexisting disorders of the following organs (or organ systems) may be aggravated by exposure to this material: Skin, Upper respiratory tract, lung (for example, asthma-like conditions), Liver, Kidney, Central nervous system, Exposure to this material may aggravate any preexisting condition sensitive to a decrease in available oxygen, such as chronic lung disease, coronary artery disease or anemias.

### Symptoms

Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include: stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways), Cough, central nervous system excitation (giddiness, liveliness, light-headed feeling) followed by central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and other central nervous system effects, involuntary eye movement, chest pain, cyanosis (causes blue coloring of the skin and nails from lack of oxygen), lung edema (fluid buildup in the lung tissue), acute kidney failure (sudden slowing or stopping of urine production), liver damage, Convulsions, damage to the mouth, throat, and/or airways, lung damage, coma. Signs and symptoms of exposure to this material through breathing, swallowing, and/or passage of the material through the skin may include: stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea), irritation (nose, throat, airways), Cough, central nervous system excitation (giddiness, liveliness, light-headed feeling) followed by central nervous system depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness) and other central nervous system effects, chest pain, pain in the abdomen and lower back, cyanosis (causes blue coloring of the skin and nails from lack of oxygen), lung edema (fluid buildup in the lung tissue), acute kidney failure (sudden slowing or stopping of urine production), liver damage, lung damage, damage to the mouth, throat, and/or airways, Convulsions, coma.

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### Target Organs

Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in laboratory animals: reproductive effects, effects on male fertility, kidney damage, liver damage, central nervous system damage, Overexposure to this material (or its components) has been suggested as a cause of the following effects in humans: liver damage, kidney damage

### Carcinogenicity

This material is not listed as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP), or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

### Reproductive hazard

Ethylene glycol has caused birth defects in animal studies at high oral doses. However, it did not cause harm to the pregnant animal or to the fetus when applied to the skin of the pregnant animal., 2-Ethylhexanoic acid has been shown to cause birth defects in laboratory animal studies. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Components	CAS-No. / Trade Secret No.	Concentration
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	>=40-<50%
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	111-46-6	>=1.5-<5%
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	149-57-5	>=1.5-<5%
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3	>=1.5-<5%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### Eyes

If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. Flush eyes gently with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart; seek immediate medical attention. Do not remove the victim from water access for transport to a medical facility unless instructed to do so by qualified medical personnel. If possible, continue flushing the eye gently with water while transporting the victim.

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Version: 2.1

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### Skin

Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with large amounts of water. If skin is damaged, seek immediate medical attention. If skin is not damaged and symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

### Ingestion

Seek medical attention. If individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with the head down. Contact a physician, medical facility, or poison control center for advice about whether to induce vomiting. If possible, do not leave individual unattended.

### Inhalation

If symptoms develop, move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. Keep person warm and quiet; seek immediate medical attention.

### Notes to physician

**Hazards:** Effects of acute ethylene glycol poisoning appear in three fairly distinct stages. The initial stage occurs shortly after exposure, lasts 6-12 hours, and is characterized by central nervous system effects (transient exhilaration, nausea, vomiting, and in severe cases, coma, convulsions, and possible death). The second stage lasts from 12-36 hours after exposure and is initiated by the onset of coma. This phase is characterized by tachypnea, tachycardia, mild hypotension, cyanosis, and in severe cases, pulmonary edema, bronchopneumonia, cardiac enlargement, and congestive failure. The final stage occurs 24-72 post-exposure and is characterized by renal failure, ranging from a mild increase in blood urea nitrogen and creatinine followed by recovery, to complete anuria with acute tubular necrosis that can lead to death. Oxaluria is found in most cases. The most significant laboratory finding in ethylene glycol intoxication is severe metabolic acidosis. Ingestion or other significant exposure to this material (or a component) may cause metabolic acidosis.

**Treatment:** This product contains ethylene glycol. Ethanol decreases the metabolism of ethylene glycol to toxic metabolites. Ethanol should be administered as soon as possible in cases of severe poisoning since the elimination half-life of ethylene glycol is 3 hours. If medical care will be delayed several hours, give the patient three to four 1-ounce oral "shots" of 86-proof or higher whiskey before or during transport to the hospital. Fomepizole (4-methylpyrazole) is an effective antagonist of alcohol dehydrogenase, and as such, may be used as an antidote in the treatment of ethylene glycol poisoning. Hemodialysis effectively removes ethylene glycol and its metabolites from the body. Fomepizole (4-methylpyrazole) is an effective antagonist of alcohol dehydrogenase, and as such, may be used as an antidote in the treatment of ethylene glycol, diethylene glycol and methanol poisoning.

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### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Water spray

#### Hazardous combustion products

Alcohols, Aldehydes, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons, ethers, toxic fumes  
Alcohols, Aldehydes, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, ethers, Hydrocarbons, potassium oxide,  
toxic fumes

#### Precautions for fire-fighting

Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively. Wear full firefighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear), and respiratory protection (SCBA). DO NOT direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools of liquid since this may cause frothing and increase fire intensity. Frothing can be violent and possibly endanger any firefighter standing too close to the burning liquid. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and structures until fire is out if it can be done with minimal risk. Avoid spreading burning material with water used for cooling purposes.

#### NFPA Flammable and Combustible Liquids Classification

Combustible Liquid Class IIIB

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions

For personal protection see section 8. Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed.

#### Environmental precautions

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Do not let product enter drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### Methods for cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

#### Other information

Comply with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

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### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed.

#### Storage

Keep containers closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Exposure Guidelines

<b>ETHYLENE GLYCOL</b>		<b>107-21-1</b>	
ACGIH	Ceiling Limit Value:	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Aerosol.
<b>2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID</b>		<b>149-57-5</b>	
ACGIH	time weighted average	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction and vapor
<b>POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE</b>		<b>1310-58-3</b>	
ACGIH	Ceiling Limit Value:	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
NIOSH	Recommended exposure limit (REL):	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

#### General advice

These recommendations provide general guidance for handling this product. Personal protective equipment should be selected for individual applications and should consider factors which affect exposure potential, such as handling practices, chemical concentrations and ventilation. It is ultimately the responsibility of the employer to follow regulatory guidelines established by local authorities.

#### Exposure controls

Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below exposure guidelines (if applicable) or below levels that cause known, suspected or apparent adverse effects.

#### Eye protection

Wear chemical splash goggles when there is the potential for exposure of the eyes to liquid, vapor or mist.

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### Skin and body protection

Wear normal work clothing including long pants, long-sleeved shirts and foot covering to prevent direct contact of the product with the skin. Launder clothing before reuse. If skin irritation develops, contact your facility health and safety professional or your local safety equipment supplier to determine the proper personal protective equipment for your use.

Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier).

Discard gloves that show tears, pinholes, or signs of wear.

### Respiratory protection

A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an appropriate cartridge and/or filter may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits (if applicable) or if overexposure has otherwise been determined. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known or any other circumstances where an air-purifying respirator may not provide adequate protection.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Physical state</b>	liquid
<b>Colour</b>	dark orange
<b>Boiling point/boiling range</b>	225 °F / 107 °C
<b>Melting point/range</b>	(<)-33 °F / -36 °C
<b>pH</b>	(+/- 0.7) 8.7
<b>Flash point</b>	> 250.00 °F / > 121.11 °C
<b>Lower explosion limit/Upper explosion limit</b>	1 %(V) / 15.3 %(V)
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	23.333 hPa @ 68 °F / 20 °C Calculated Vapor Pressure
<b>Density</b>	(Average) 1.075 g/cm <sup>3</sup> @ 60.1 °F / 15.6 °C 8.93 lb/gal @ 60.1 °F / 15.6 °C

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Stability

Stable.

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### Conditions to avoid

None known. excessive heat, Heat, flames and sparks., Exposure to moisture.

### Incompatible products

Acids, Alkaline earth metals, Alkali metals, Amines, Ammonia, chlorinated solvents, halogenated hydrocarbons, Reducing agents, strong alkalis, Strong oxidizing agents, Sulphur compounds, Zinc

### Hazardous decomposition products

carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, Hydrocarbons Alcohols, Aldehydes, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, ethers, Hydrocarbons, Organic acids, potassium oxide, ketones

### Hazardous reactions

Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Acute oral toxicity

Acute oral toxicity - : no data available  
Product

### Acute oral toxicity - Components

ETHYLENE GLYCOL : LD 50: 6,140 mg/kg Species: Rat

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL : LD 50: 12,565 mg/kg Species: Rat

2-ETHYLHEXANOIC : LD 50: 3 g/kg Species: Rat  
ACID

LD 50: 2,043 mg/kg Species: Rat

POTASSIUM : LD 50: 333 mg/kg Species: Rat  
HYDROXIDE

### Acute inhalation toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity - : no data available  
Product

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### Acute inhalation toxicity - Components

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	: LC Lo: 130 mg/m3 Exposure time: 2 h Species: Mouse
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	: LC 50: > 600 ppm Exposure time: 4 h Species: Rat

### Acute dermal toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity - Product	: no data available
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### Acute dermal toxicity - Components

ETHYLENE GLYCOL	: LD 50: 9,530 mg/kg Species: Rabbit
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	: LD 50: 11,890 mg/kg Species: Rabbit
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	: LD 50: 1,138 mg/kg Species: Rabbit
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	: LD 50: 1,260 mg/kg Species: Rabbit

### Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)	: no data available
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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Biodegradability

Biodegradability - Product	: no data available
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### Biodegradability - Components

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	: 92 %
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	: 99 % Remarks: Readily biodegradable

### Bioaccumulation

Bioaccumulation - Product	: no data available
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### Bioaccumulation - Components

ETHYLENE GLYCOL	: Species: Crayfish ( <i>Procambarus</i> ) Exposure time: 61 d Concentration: 1000 mg/l Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.27 Method: Flow through
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### Ecotoxicity effects

#### Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to fish - Product	: no data available
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#### Toxicity to fish - Components

ETHYLENE GLYCOL	: LC 50: 27,540 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Species: Bluegill ( <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> ) Method: Static Remarks: Mortality
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	LC 50: 8,050 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Species: Fathead minnow ( <i>Pimephales promelas</i> )
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DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	: LC 50: > 32,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Species: Western mosquitofish ( <i>Gambusia affinis</i> ) Method: Static Remarks: Mortality
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2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	: LC 50: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Species: <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> (rainbow trout) Test Type: static test
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POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	: LC 50: 80 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Species: Western mosquitofish ( <i>Gambusia affinis</i> ) Method: Static Remarks: Mortality
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#### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and	: no data available
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other aquatic invertebrates  
- Product

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates - Components

ETHYLENE GLYCOL : LC 50: > 10,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Species: Water flea (Daphnia magna)  
Test Type: static test

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL : LC 50: > 10,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 24 h  
Species: Water flea (Daphnia magna)  
Method: Static  
Remarks: Mortality

2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID : EC 50: 85.4 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Species: Water flea (Daphnia magna)  
Test Type: static test

### Toxicity to algae

Toxicity to algae - Product : no data available

### Toxicity to algae - Components

2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID : EC 50: 49.3 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)  
Test Type: static test

### Toxicity to bacteria

Toxicity to bacteria - Product : no data available

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### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### REGULATION

ID NUMBER	PROPER SHIPPING NAME	*HAZARD CLASS	SUBSIDIARY HAZARDS	PACKING GROUP	MARINE POLLUTANT /LTD. QTY.
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#### U.S. DOT - ROAD

Not dangerous goods

#### U.S. DOT - RAIL

Not dangerous goods

#### U.S. DOT - INLAND WATERWAYS

Not dangerous goods

#### TRANSPORT CANADA - ROAD

Not dangerous goods

#### TRANSPORT CANADA - RAIL

Not dangerous goods

#### TRANSPORT CANADA - INLAND WATERWAYS

Not dangerous goods

#### INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS

Not dangerous goods

#### INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION - CARGO

Not dangerous goods

#### INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION - PASSENGER

Not dangerous goods

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### MEXICAN REGULATION FOR THE LAND TRANSPORT OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND WASTES

Not dangerous goods
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\*ORM = ORM-D, CBL = COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID

Dangerous goods descriptions (if indicated above) may not reflect quantity, end-use or region-specific exceptions that can be applied. Consult shipping documents for descriptions that are specific to the shipment.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### California Prop. 65

Proposition 65 warnings are not required for this product based on the results of a risk assessment.	
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#### SARA Hazard Classification

#### SARA 311/312 Classification

Acute Health Hazard

#### SARA 313 Component(s)

ETHYLENE GLYCOL	48.72 %
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#### New Jersey RTK Label Information

ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1
WATER	7732-18-5
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	111-46-6
2-ETHYLHEXANOIC ACID	149-57-5
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3

#### Pennsylvania RTK Label Information

ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1
WATER	7732-18-5
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	111-46-6
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3

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### Notification status

US. Toxic Substances Control Act	y (positive listing)
Canada. Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL). (Can. Gaz. Part II, Vol. 133)	q (quantity restricted)
Australia. Industrial Chemical (Notification and Assessment) Act	n (Negative listing)
New Zealand. Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC), as published by ERMA New Zealand	n (Negative listing)
Japan. Kashin-Hou Law List	n (Negative listing)
Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) List	n (Negative listing)
Philippines. The Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Waste Control Act	n (Negative listing)
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	y (positive listing)

### Reportable quantity - Product

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)	10262 lbs
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### Reportable quantity-Components

ETHYLENE GLYCOL	107-21-1	5000 lbs
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	HMIS	NFPA
Health	2*	1
Flammability	1	1
Physical hazards	0	
Instability		0
Specific Hazard	--	--

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances. This MSDS has been prepared by Ashland's Environmental Health and Safety Department (1-800-325-3751).